

Grazing with monocultures and mixtures



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1 Description of the innovation



- Grazing monculture swards
- Reseed and graze monoculture swards to identify which verieties work best on the farm and to see the value of monocultures
- Growing more grass: some verieties good quality and palatable
- Identification of top performing verieties
- Identicication and assessment of different grass verieties
- Economic results
- Discussion groups
- Produce more milk from grass by using top verieties of grass



Identidication of top performing varities of grass

Produce more milk from grazed grass

- Measuring grass on Pasturebase Ireland
- Reseed and graze monoculture swards to identify which verieties work best on the farm and to see the value of monocultures



Farm description

ENVIRONMENT

Soil type: Sandy-loam Climate type: Temperate Oceanic Altitude: Variation across the farm Slope: Variation across different paddocks Agricultural area (ha UAA): 190 Average stocking rate (agriculture area) (LU/ha UAA): 2.8 GRASSLAND MANAGEMENT Grazing: Yes Grazing management type: Rotational Grazing

STRUCTURE

Annual work units (AWU): 3 Number of cows (heads): 380 Breed type 1: Fr Permanent grassland area (ha): 190 Average stocking rate (agriculture area) (LU/ha UAA): 2.8 ANIMAL PERFORMANCE Milk production per head (l/year/dairy animal): 5800l Grassland management type: Rotational Length of grazing period (month/year): 295 Fertilization rate (kg N/ha): 235

WHY IT IS WORKING

- Growing more grass, some verieties are good quality and palatable
- Identification of top performing verieties
- Identicication and assessment of different grass verieties
- Economic results
- Discussion groups
- Produce more milk off grass by using top verieties of grass
- Pasturebase Ireland

Ireland



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